

We are volunteers















Peak District National Park and South Pennine Moorlands

- Peak District is within I hour's drive for 20 million people (Alan's Ramblings, 2004).
- Probably most visited moorlands worldwide with tradition of access across wide areas.
- First UK National Park created in 1951.



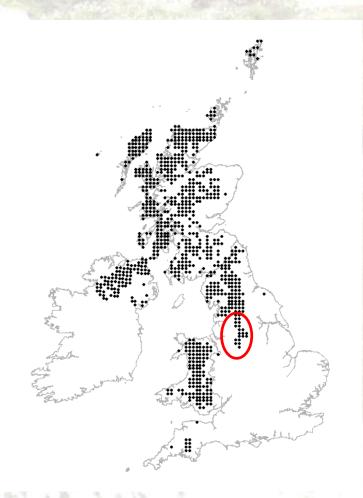
Priority habitat: Blanket bog





Priority habitat: Blanket bog

- Water and mineral source comes from rainwater, mist & cloud-cover (ombrotrophic).
- Nutrient-poor and acidic, dominated by acid-loving plants, especially Sphagnum.
- 10–15 % global resource in UK.
- South Pennines represents most south-easterly occurrence in Europe.



Priority habitat: Blanket bog



Black Hill 2005







Community Science aims:

- Monitoring climate change and it's impact on the uplands of the South Pennine Moors and it's wildlife.
- Focussing on indicators
- Engaging and equipping volunteers to monitor these indicators across the landscape and for a long-time.
- Enable communities to find out about, get involved with and care about moorland conservation through data recording.

Data collected will help to:

- Monitor changes in the physical environment.
- Inform future conservation land management.

Community Science connecting people to nature



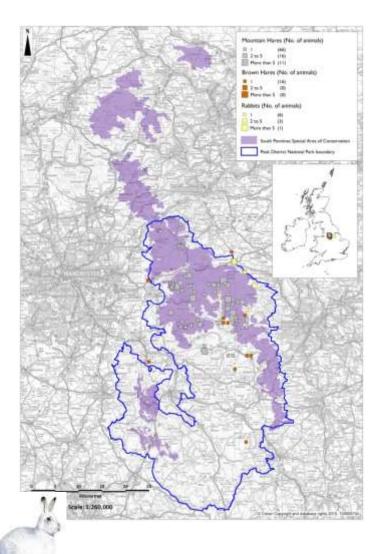
- verified by experts.

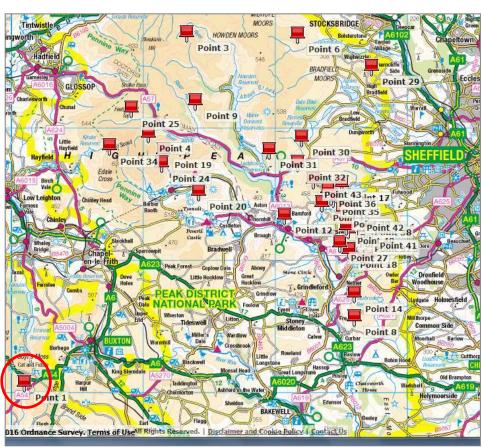
Science from the community

- Change in distribution?
- Mismatch of coat colour?
- Competition with Lepus europeaus?



Science from the community









Community Science connecting people to nature



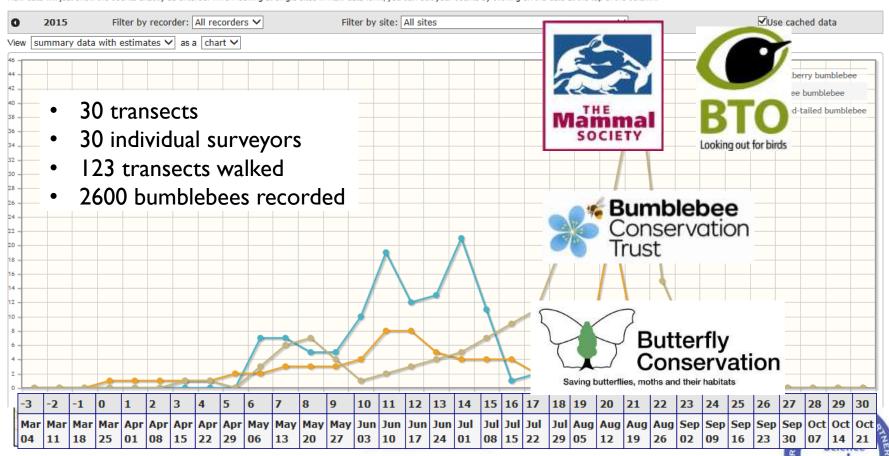
What can the data tell us?

Moors for the Future Bumblebee Transect Summary Report

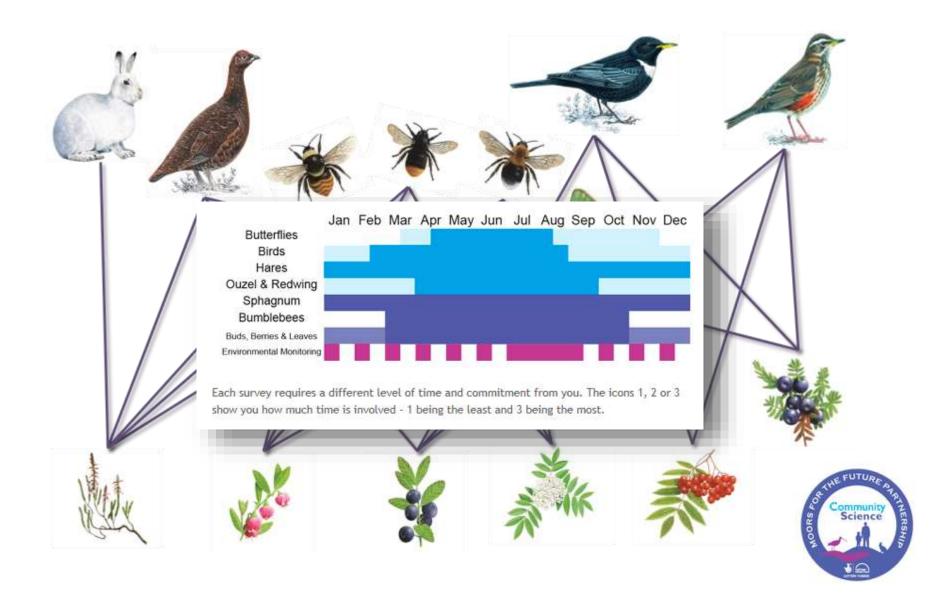
Annual Summary data shows a summary of the data arranged by week.

Figures shown in red are (or include) estimates for missing weeks, based on a simple interpolation.

Raw data will just show the counts exactly as entered. When looking at single sites in Raw data form, you can edit your counts by clicking on the date at the top of the column.

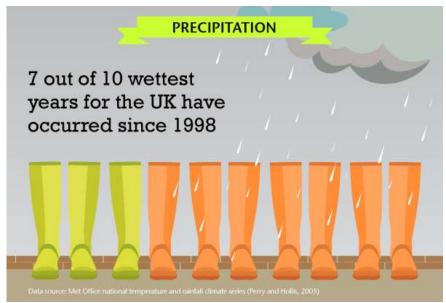


Community Science connecting nature to nature



UK climate indicators



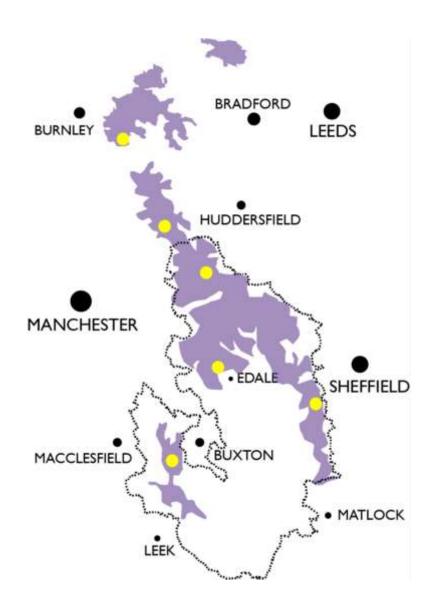








South Pennines climate indicators

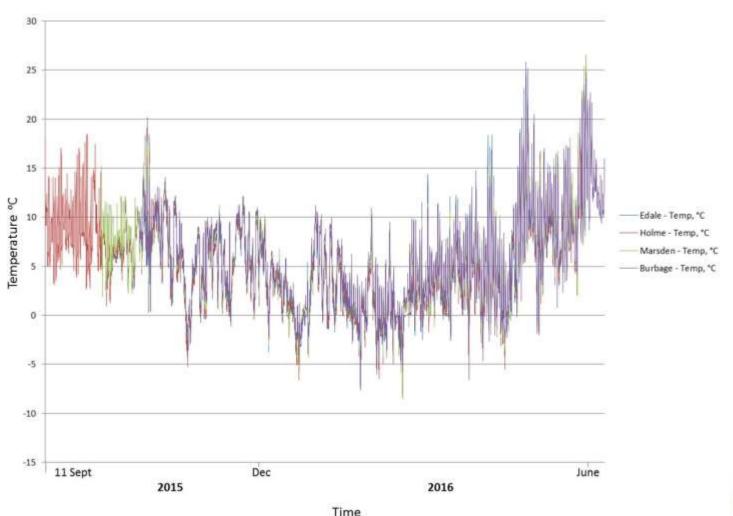


Predicted:

- hotter, drier summers
- warmer, wetter winters

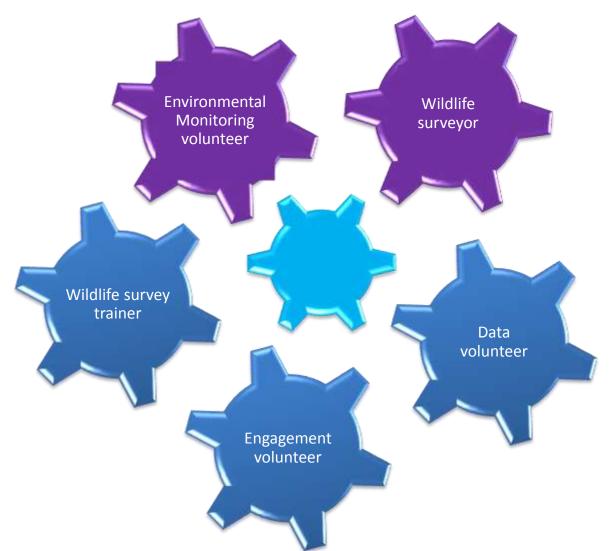


South Pennines climate indicators





connecting people to people





connecting people to nature

































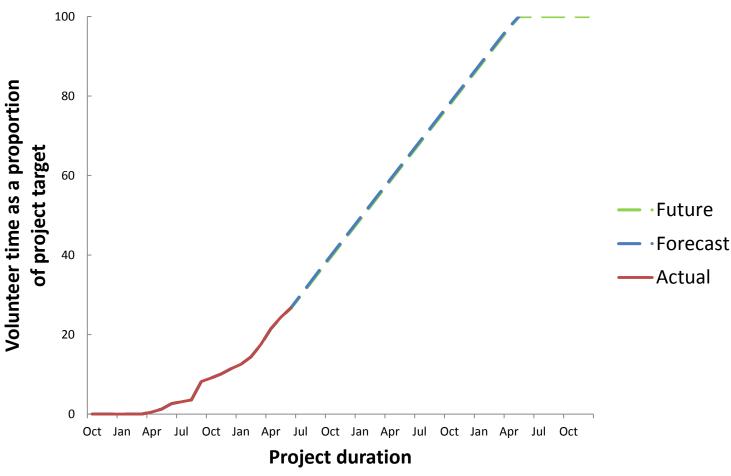


Lessons & challenges

Gaining momentum within funding timeframes

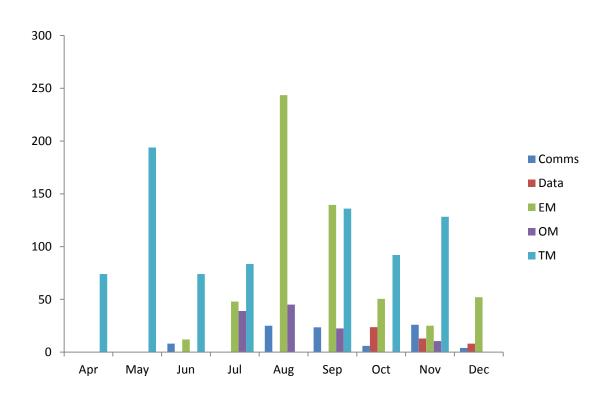


We are volunteers – gaining momentum





Community Science - gaining momentum







Engage with MoorCitizens on:



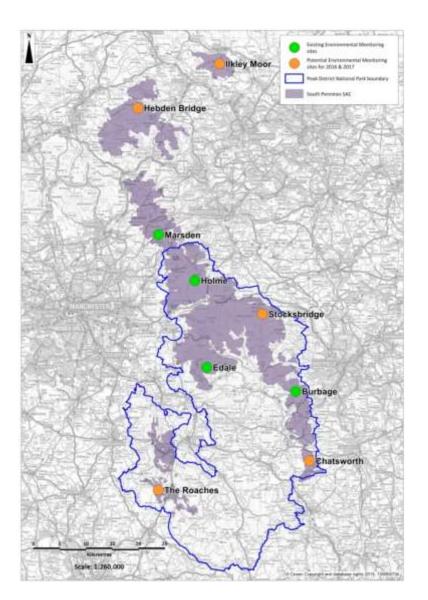






Lessons & challenges

- Gaining momentum
- Flexibility





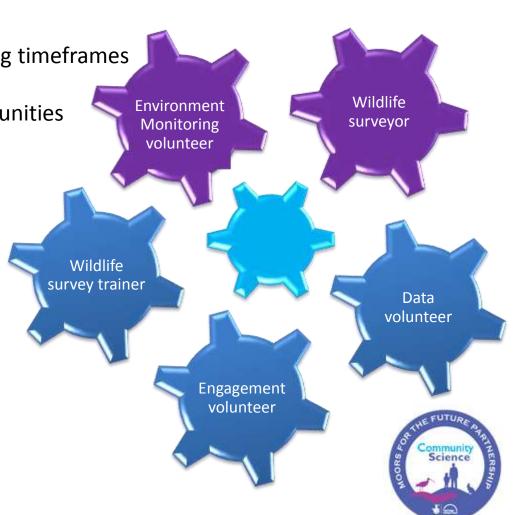
Lessons & challenges

Gaining momentum within funding timeframes

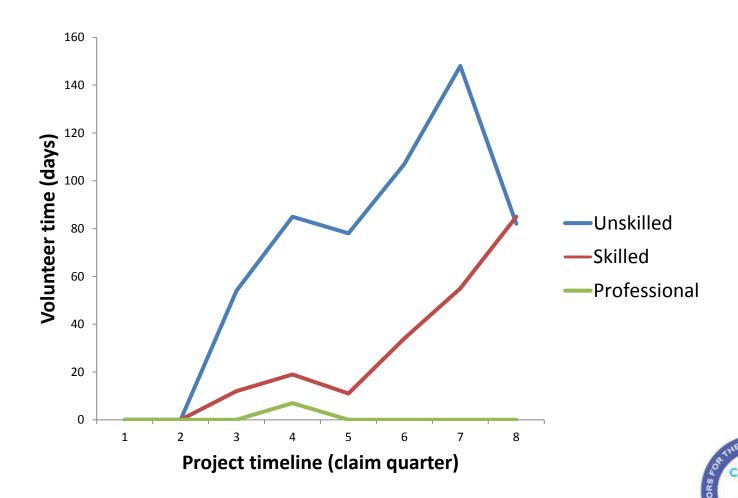
Flexibility – communities / opportunities

Core staff resource

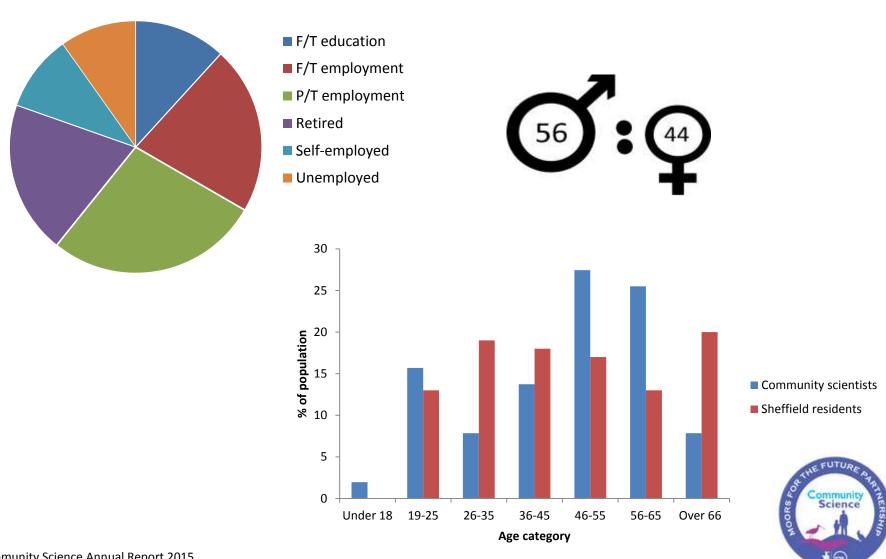
Sustainability



We are volunteers – up-skilling

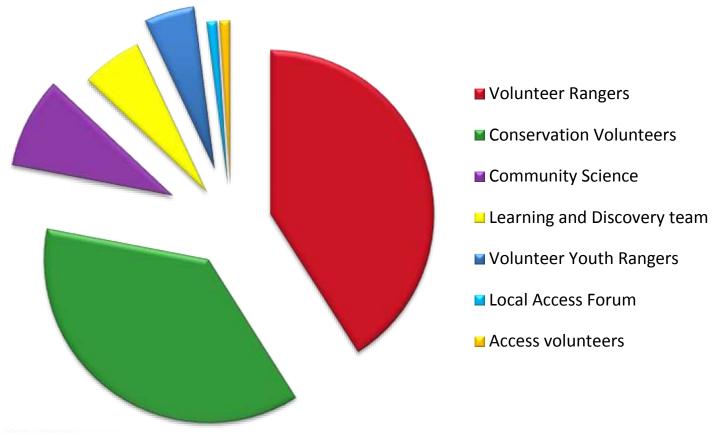


We are Community Science volunteers



We are

Peak District National Park volunteers









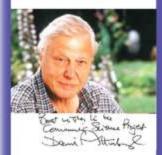


Dear Community Scientist,

Welcome to issue 1 of the new quarterly newsletter from **Community Science** - Moors for the Future's unique volunteer project - tracking the effects of climate change on moorlands.

Read on for updates, events, and ways you can get involved, or sign up today and make a difference!

Sir David



We were delighted recently when Community Science received these words of encouragement

Photo competition 2015



We would like to invite you to take part in this year's photo competition, the theme of which is 'Wildlife and Moorland'.

You could win 2 fabulous signed books worth over £40. Judges this year include Kate MacRae





Thank you



MoorCitizens







Partner organisations



















www.moorsforthefuture.org.uk

