



Partnership for biodiversity:
European policies and the role of Protected Areas

The challenges of Transboundary protected areas

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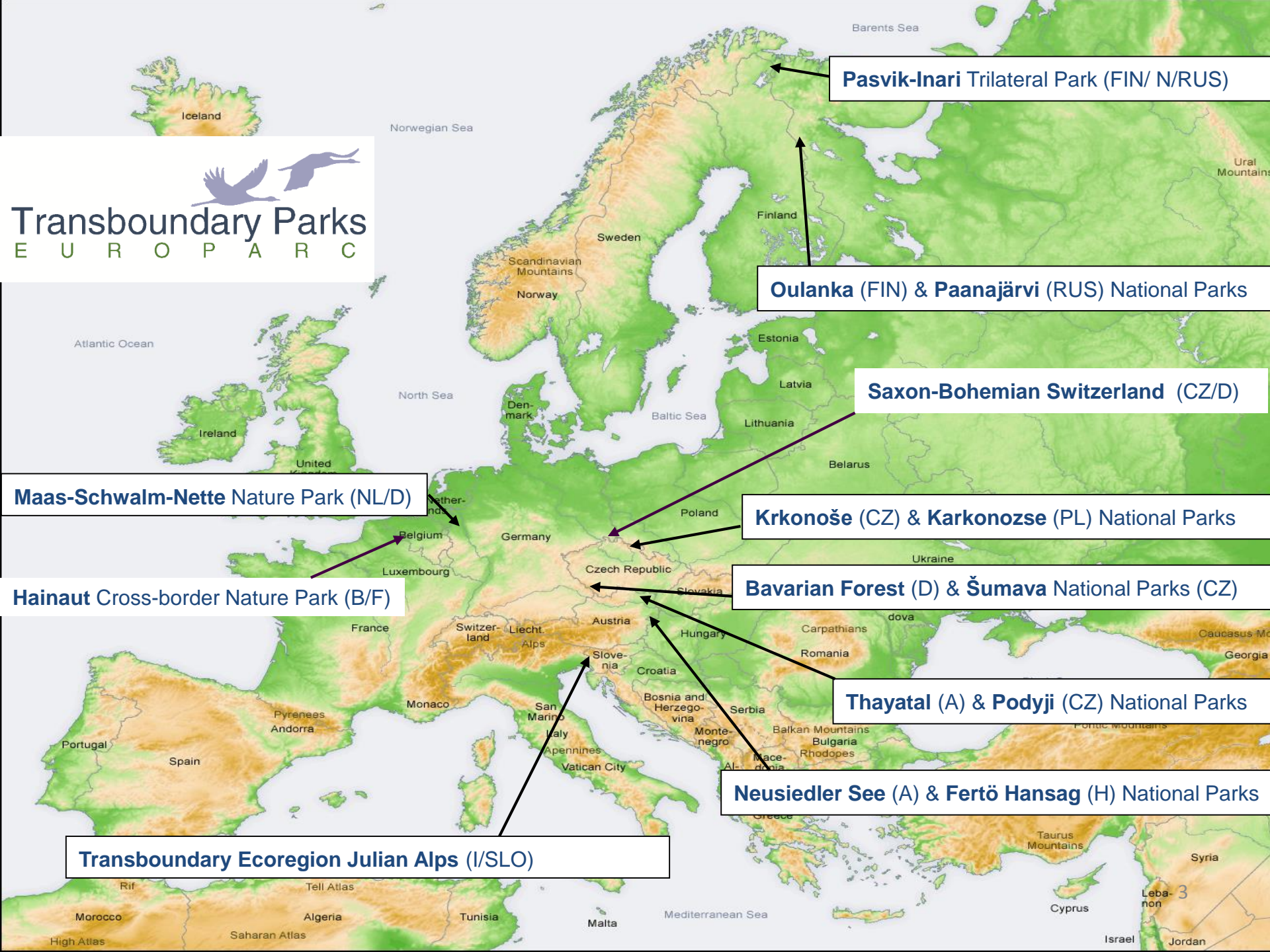
Transboundary Parks...following nature's design

A series of five stylized bird silhouettes in a light blue color, arranged in a horizontal line and appearing to be in flight, positioned above the text "following nature's design".

WHO WE ARE

The EUROPARC Transboundary “Following Nature’s Design” Programme and Certificate were developed to support a process of mutual understanding, often between countries where history may have created mutual distrust, or administrative barriers and develop management tools to enable greater cooperative management.

TransParcNet is the network created by the certified Transboundary Protected Areas that agreed to work together and exchange experiences and practices



Pasvik-Inari Trilateral Park (FIN/ N/RUS)

Oulanka (FIN) & Paanajärvi (RUS) National Parks

Saxon-Bohemian Switzerland (CZ/D)

Krkonoše (CZ) & Karkonosze (PL) National Parks

Bavarian Forest (D) & Šumava National Parks (CZ)

Thayatal (A) & Podyji (CZ) National Parks

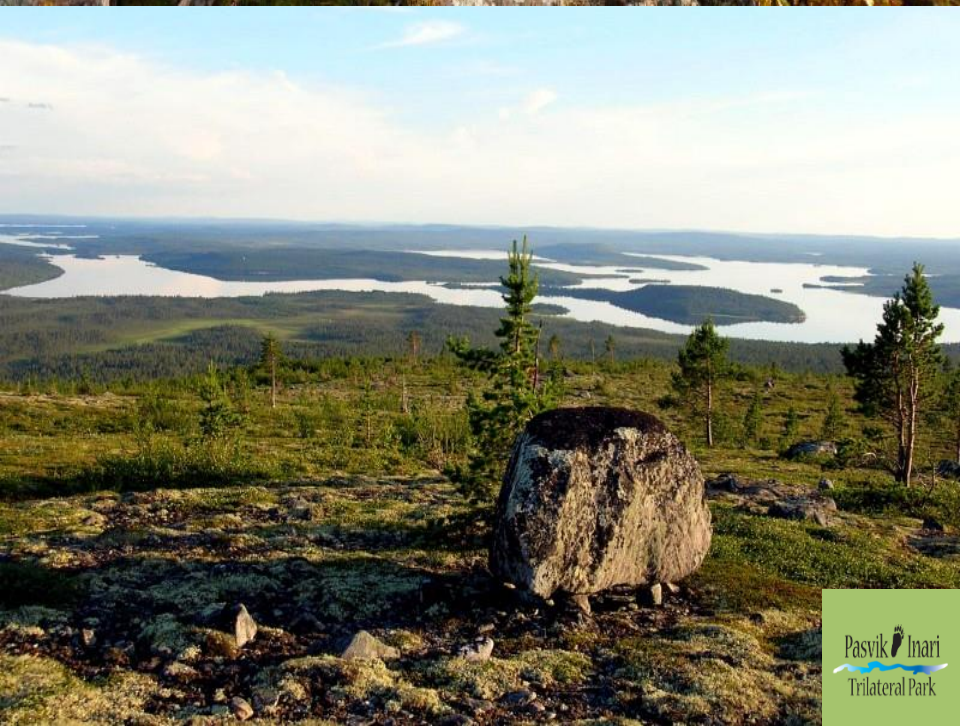
Neusiedler See (A) & Fertő Hansag (H) National Parks

Transboundary Ecoregion Julian Alps (I/SLO)

Maas-Schwalm-Nette Nature Park (NL/D)

Hainaut Cross-border Nature Park (B/F)







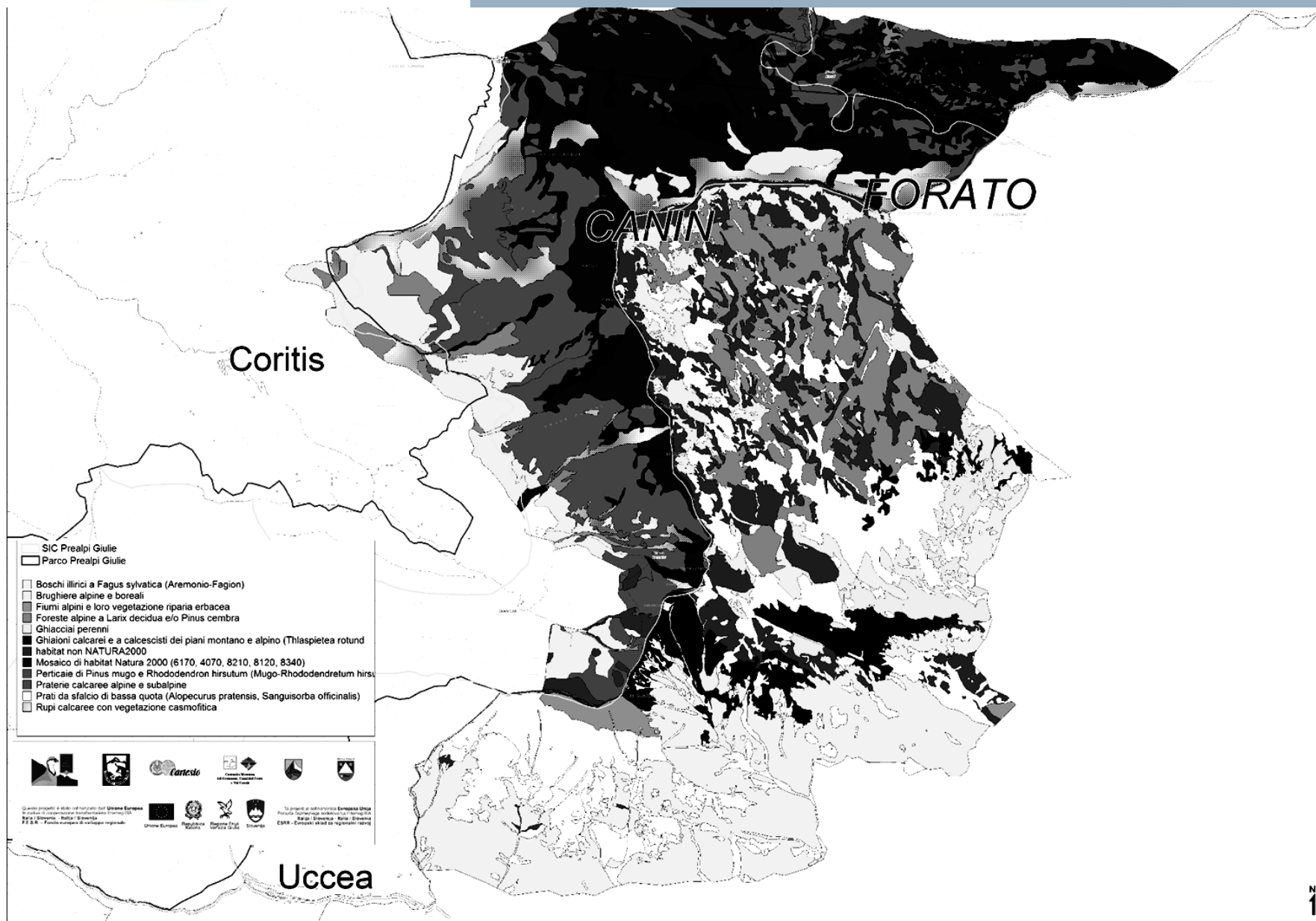
Správa Krkonošského národního parku



SOME EXAMPLES OF WHAT WE DO

Any of the TBPA's develops TB projects in several fields following a TB action plan:

- Nature conservation
- Joint monitoring
- Natura 2000 management
- Environmental education
- Sustainable tourism
- Communication and promotion
- Valorisation of cultural heritage
- Language courses
- ...





CLIMAPARKS project going on investigating climate changes on biodiversity in protected areas



GREENALPS e ALPBIONET2030 projects concerning ecoconnectivity and Ecosystem services



BENEFITS FROM THE NETWORKING

- Possibility to network on European level, bringing people together
- Sharing common vision across borders
- Exchanging data and knowledge
- Cooperation comes from concrete management needs

BENEFITS FROM THE NETWORKING

- Possibility for independent reflection and analyses (through verifications)
- Inspiration through other protected areas in the network
- Better approach to management and funding
- Possibility to harmonise management in TB areas
- Cooperation leads to better image = park and its work being valued

CHALLENGES

- Involve more local stakeholders (public and private)
- Making the activity more visible
- Expand and strengthen TransParcNet
- Promotion of Programme benefits
- Develop common projects

CHALLENGES

- Making more visible the possibility to develop common management of N2000 TB areas and to exchange experience on this topic
- Cooperate with other TB initiatives
- Develop synergies with other Federation's programme (such as Charter)
- Lack of financial resources to join programme
- Funding

Thanks a lot for your attention!

Transboundary Parks...following nature's design

Five stylized purple birds in flight, arranged in a horizontal line. The birds are depicted in various stages of flight, with wings spread, suggesting a sense of movement and freedom. They are positioned above the text "following nature's design".