

Park Rangers of the 21st Century

MINDFACTORY, 3. MAY 2022



What will we do

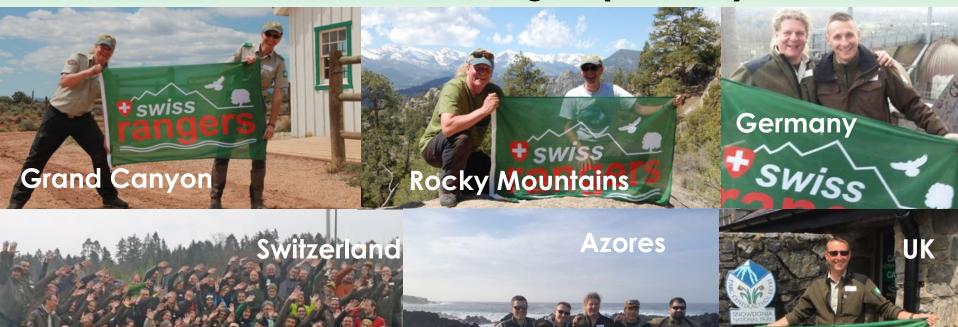
- Discussion on our self-image
- Discussion on what unites us
- A brief history of the ranger profession
- Glimpse into heritage interpretation
- A coffee break ;-)
- A short exercise outside
- Seven thinking steps to a better image
- And what if we only do law enforcement?







About the Swiss Rangers (and me)



swiss

swiss

*swiss

Startseile Rangerdienste Academy Beratung Wildbiermanagement Mehr +

10 C

& +41 76 458 72 46

Griffin Banger GmbH

Ihre Fachleute für Rangerdienste, Umweltbildung, Natur und Wildtiere



Our departments



Consulting











Park Ranger



What my friends think I do



What tourists think I do



What my grandparents think I do



What the seasonals think I do



What I think I do



What I really do

Who Is A Ranger?

The IRF defines a Ranger as the person involved in the practical protection and preservation of all aspects of wild areas, historical and cultural sites. Rangers provide recreational opportunities and interpretation of sites while providing links between local communities, protected areas and area administration.



Rangers: What unites us

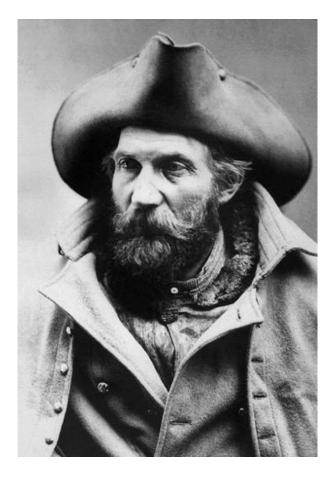


Who are you? Where are you? Your challenge as ranger?



The history of the rangers

- Harry Yount (1837-1924)
- Hired as the world's first ranger in Yellowstone National Park in 1880
- Yellowstone founded in 1872, making it the oldest NP in the world!
- Resigned after only 14 months because one ranger alone was not enough.
- 1886 US Army took over the Ranger Service

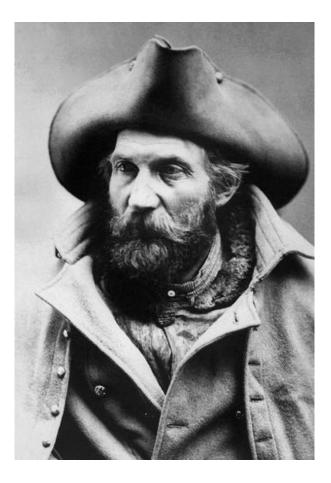




His attitude

«There are indications that Yount had a difference of opinion with park superintendent Norris, who wanted him to spend more of his time building roads for the convenience of tourists, while Yount preferred to concentrate on protecting the wildlife.»

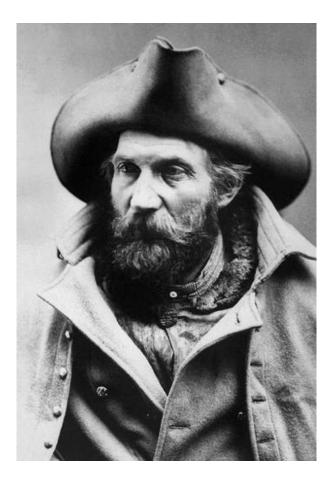
From Wikipedia





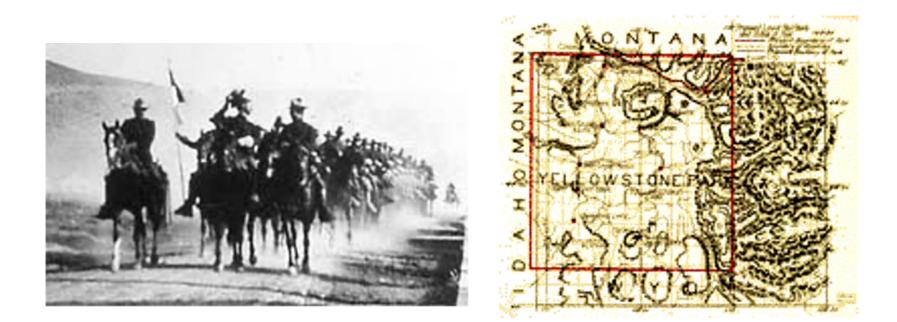
A quote

«I do not think that any one man, and designated as a gamekeeper, can prove effective purposes, but a small and reliable police force of men, employed when needed, during good behavior, is what is really the most practicable way of seeing that the game is protected from slaughter, the forests from careless use of fire, and the enforcement of all the other laws, rules, and regulations for the protection and improvement of the park.



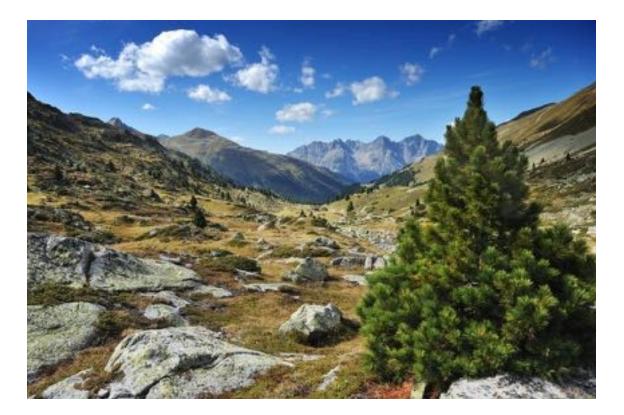


1872: Yellowstone National Park





1914: Swiss National Park





1909: Sarek National Park (SE)





Structures and associations

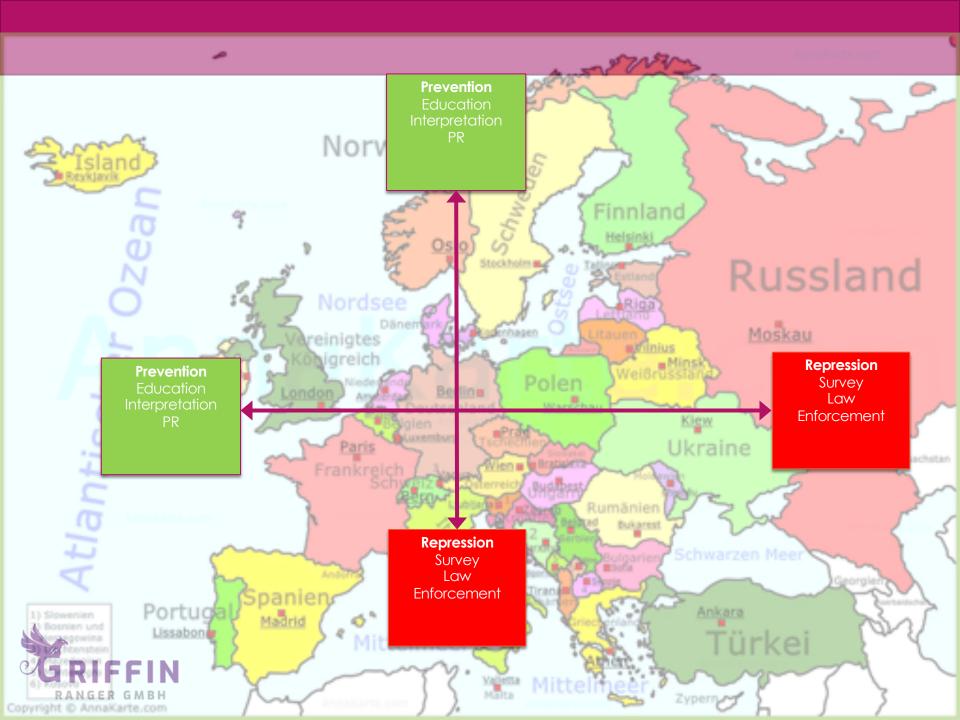
- 1966: Countryside Management Association (UK)
- 1970: Game Ranger Association of Afrika (GRAA)
- 1992: International Ranger Federation (IRF)
- 1995: Bundesverband Naturwacht e.V. (Germany)
- 2008: Swiss Rangers
- 2012: Ranger Federation of Asia
- 2017: European Ranger Federation (ERF)



Rangers: What unites us







1916: US National Park Service











Freeman Tilden (1883-1980)

"You have only to attend some of the worse performances in interpretation to wish heartily that there were some teach-able principles, and perhaps some schools for interpreters."

Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 4





Tilden's definition of interpretation

Heritage interpretation is "an educational activity which aims to reveal meanings and relationships through the use of original objects, by first hand experience, and by illustrative media, rather than simply to communicate factual information."





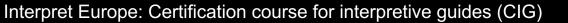
Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 8

Tilden's two concepts of interpretation

"Interpretation is the revelation of a larger truth that lies behind any statement of fact."

"Interpretation should capitalize mere curiosity for the enrichment of the human mind and spirit."

Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 8







"Any interpretation that does not some ow relate what is being doplayed or described to something within the personality or experience of the visitor will be sterile."



Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 9





"Information, as such, is not interpretation Interpretation is r /elation based upon information. [...]"

Tilden, F. (1957) In Areting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University or worth Carolina Press, 9







"Interpretation is an art, which combines is any arts, whether the metadals presented are scientific, historical or prchitictural. Any art is in some degree teachable."



Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 9 **RIFFIN**



"The chief aim of interpretation is not instruction but provocition

Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting ur Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University conforth Carolina Press, 9







"Interpretation should aim to present a whole rather than you. and must address self to the whole map rather than any phase."

Tilden, F. (1957) Interpreting Our Heritage. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 9





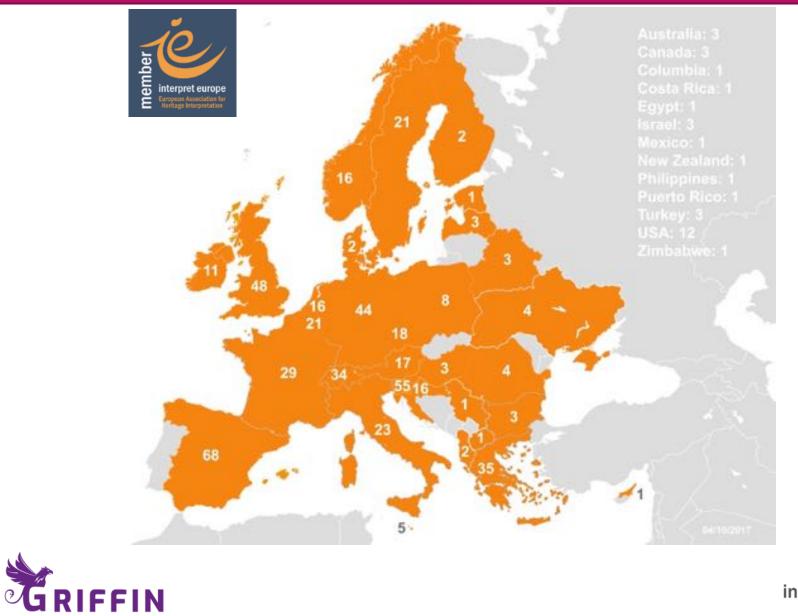


"Interpretation addressed to children [... will require a separate program." Tilden, F. (1957) In preting Our Veritage. Chapel Hill: The University of Nuch Carolina Press, 9











Interpret Europe

European Association for Heritage Interpretation

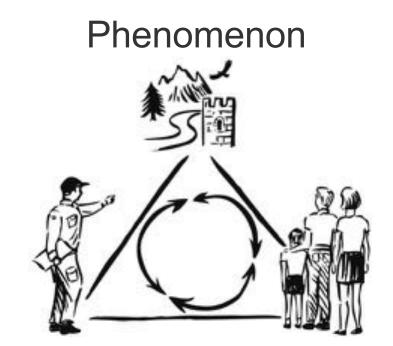
- Founded as an association in 2010
- More than 550 members in 44 countries

We believe that to learn from our heritage is essential for a shared future in Europe.





The interpretive triangle





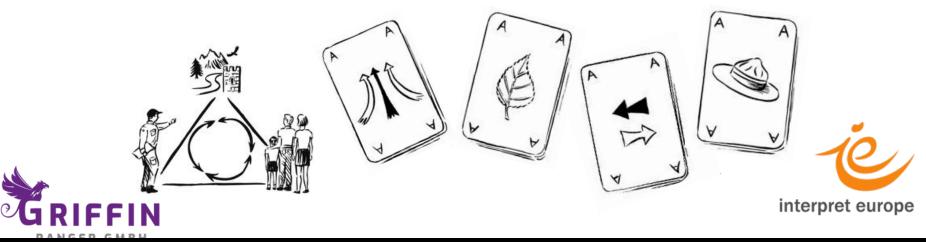
Interpreter

Participants

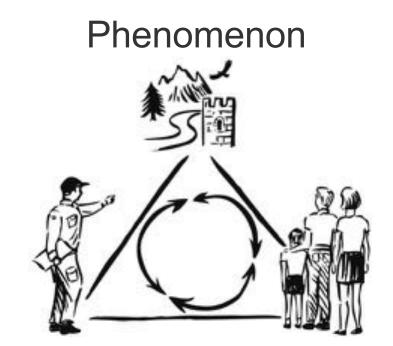


The interpretive triangle

- We offer paths to deeper **meaning**
- We turn phenomena into **experience**s
- We provoke resonance and participation
- We foster **stewardship** for all heritage



The interpretive triangle





Interpreter

Participants



The interpretive triangle

Phenomenon

Interpreter

Participants

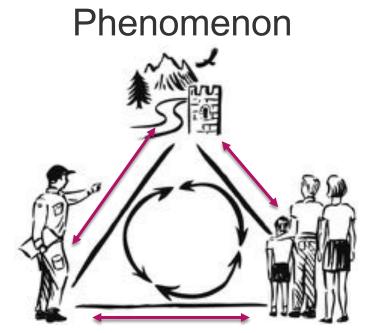


Asking open-ended questions

- focus question (answer requires direct contact with the phenomenon); e.g. What does this pine needle smell like??
- transfer question (which asks for connections into the participants' world); e.g. Where have you seen this moss before?
- process question (seeking to find out how something could happen); e.g. What will this forest look like in 100 years?
- evaluation question (which needs to elicit an opinion); e.g. Should we continue to manage these forests?



The interpretive triangle



Interpreter

Participants



Stepping Stones





What to do?







The Seven Thinking Steps for Rangers



1. Offer yourself!



1. Offer yourself!

- Wear uniform and name
 badge
- Don't go too fast
- Give a friendly impression



2. Approach people!



2. Approach people!

Take the first step Explain something that excites you Small talk is valuable too



3. Create a relationship!



3. Create a relationship!

Take an interest in your vis-àvis Search for common ground Use the interpretation triangle



4. Raise your profile!

ZürcherUnterländer

NEERACH

Neue Rangerinnen auf Patrouille im Neeracherried

Seit Anfang Juni sind im Neeracherried Rahel Isenschmid und Alice Wassmer als Rangerinnen unterwegs. Dabei beaufsichtigen sie, dass niemand die geltenden Regeln verletzt.



Den Feldstecher haben die beiden neuen Rangerinnen Rahel Isenschmid (links) und Alice Wassmer nicht nur für Vogelbeobachtungen dabei, sondern auch, um Verstösse gegen die Regeln zu entdecken. Bild: Leo Wyden Cyprian Schnoz. 16.06.2017

ZürcherUnterländer

NEERACH

Be in the media Ensure a good internet and social media presence Speak regularly with multipliers

GRIFFIN de beiden Die Greifensee-Stiftung WRANGER GMBH Vogelbeobachtungen dabei, sondern auch, um Verstösse gegen die Begein zu entdecken. Bild: Leo Wyden

03.05.2250

5. Be an expert!



5. Be an expert!!

Know better something of everything than everything of something If you don't know something, you know where to look. If you don't know anything, then deflect ;-)



6. Give the conversations value!



6. Give the conversations value!

Talking is the most important
 task of the ranger

Expect a commitment to this task from your boss
Count the talks



7. Go the extra mile!



7. Go the extra mile!

Run ranger talks and offer guided tours
Be creative and have a sense of humour
Be proud to be a ranger!



More of that?

- Become a member of your national association
- Participation in trainings and congresses
- 10 to 14 October, ERC Albania
- ▶ 5. bis 9. Juni 2023, WRC on the Azores
- www.griffin.swiss
- Instagram: Theluckyranger
- Linkedin: Urs Wegmann







www.griffin.swiss