



Inspiration session: Natural Climate Buffers

Frank Hoffmann (Natuurmonumenten)

Vera Geelen (Staatsbosbeheer)



What are natural climate buffers?


Areas:

- where natural processes prevail
- that contribute to **nature** restoration & conservation
- That provide climate-related services to **society**



Climate & biodiversity crises: solve both together!

Types of natural climate buffers



Bio-builders **Carbon sinks** **Green airconditioning** **Natural sponges** **Living coasts** **Green & blue spaces**



Example: peatlands and fens

The Netherlands:

- Highly human modified delta country
- Peatlands have declined by 99%
- Includes fens (ground & surface water fed peatlands)

Landscape morphology

- Lowland peat
- Clay, sand, peat layers
- Flat landscape
- Hilly landscape
- Coastal
- Inland

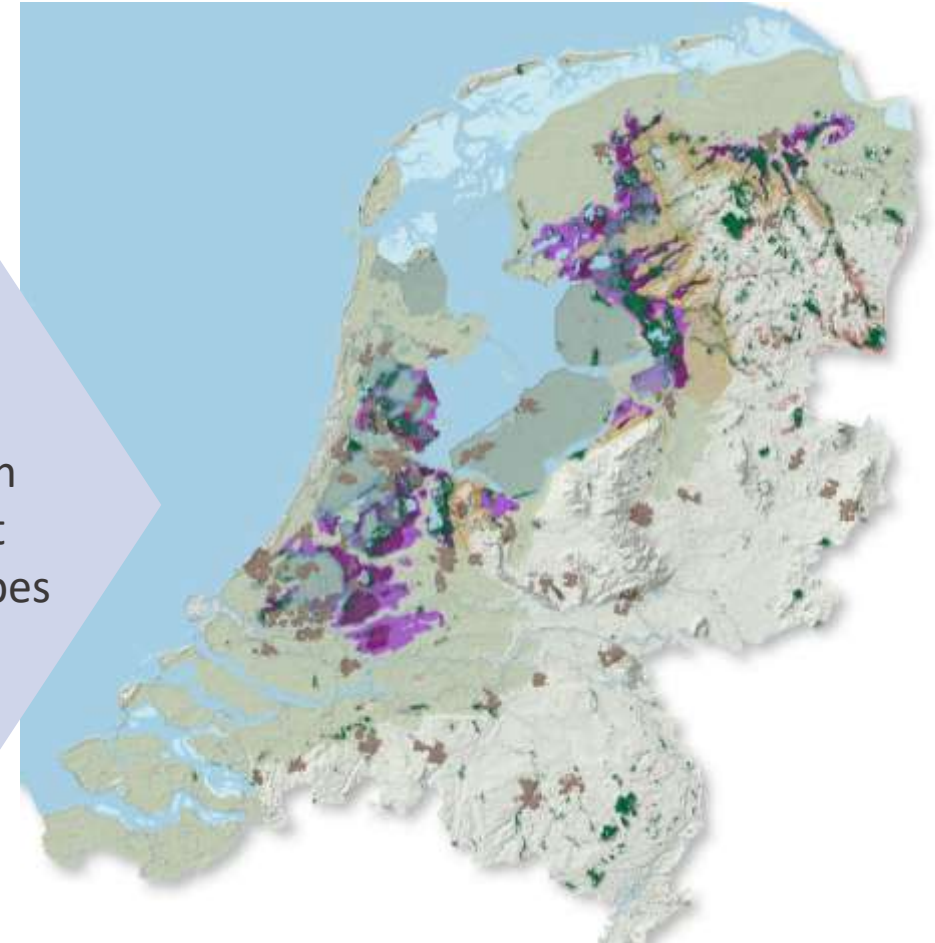
Hydrology

- Groundwater seepage
- Rainwater influenced
- Surface water:
 - Small streams
 - Large rivers
 - Brackish

Human land use

- Peat mining (>300 years)
- Overexploitation -> peat became lakes
- Drainage, polders
- (Intensive) agriculture
- Urbanisation

Great variety in different landscapes

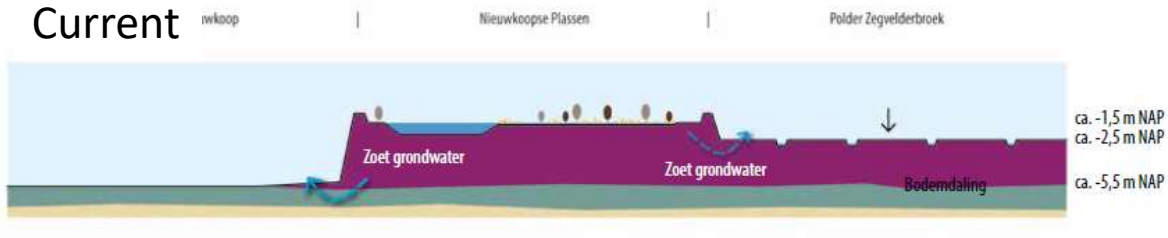


Issues in peatlands and fens

- Drained peatlands: carbon loss & release of CO₂ into the air.
 - Leads to soil subsidence - several mm/year, meters in last centuries
 - Climate change: extreme precipitation & drought
 - Decrease of freshwater from rivers
 - Sea level rise and saline groundwater influx
 - Intensive land use & land/water use conflicts between stakeholders
- *Water management in the Netherlands is becoming a severe headache!*

Scenarios for (former) peatlands

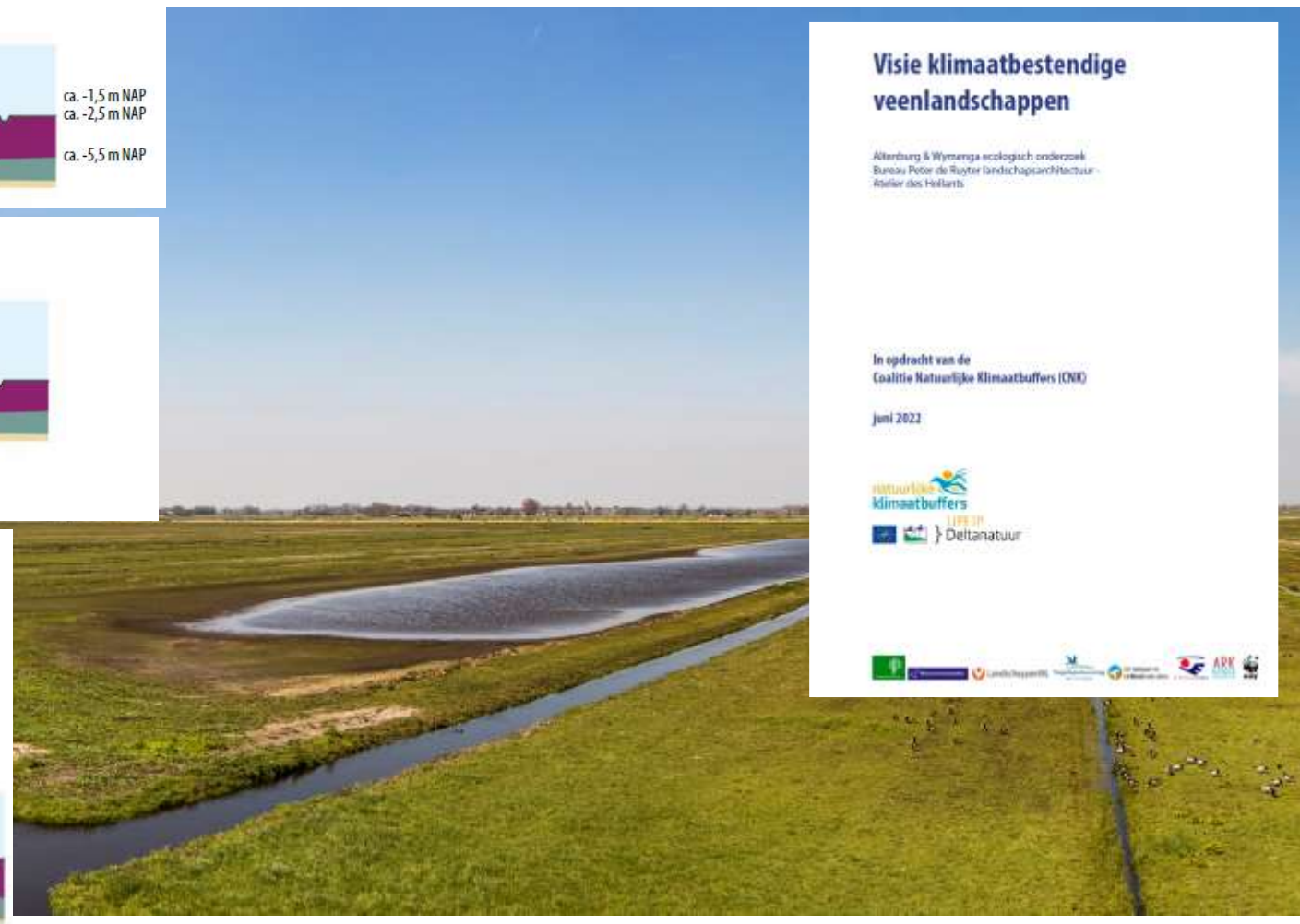
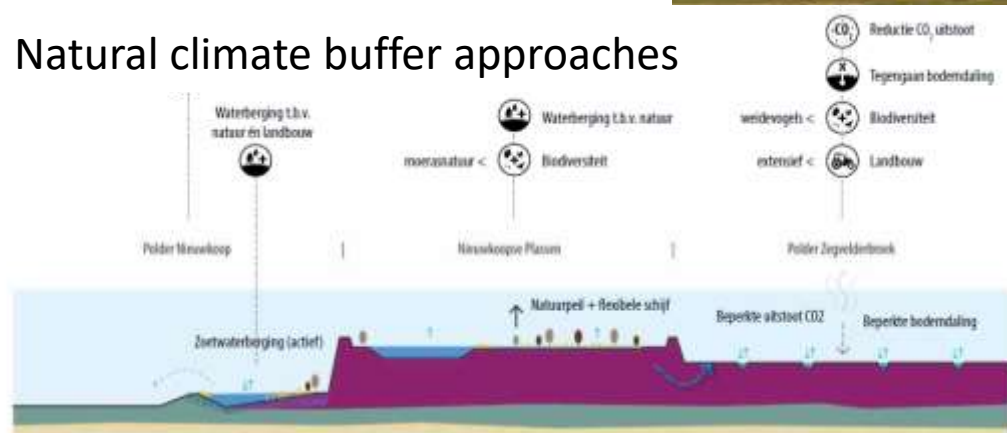
Current



Business as usual



Natural climate buffer approaches



Visie klimaatbestendige veenlandschappen

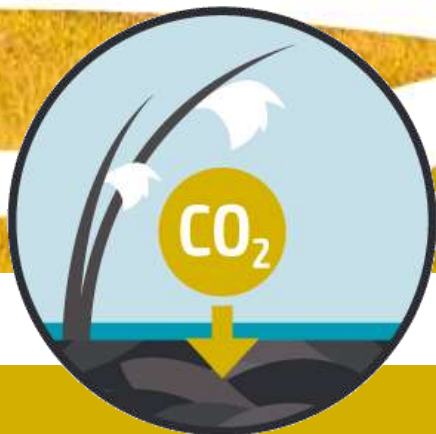
Aaltenburg & Wymenga ecologisch onderzoek
Bureau Peter de Ruiter landschaparchitectuur
Rolfes des Houtlands

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Coalitie Natuurlijke Klimaatbuffers (CNK)

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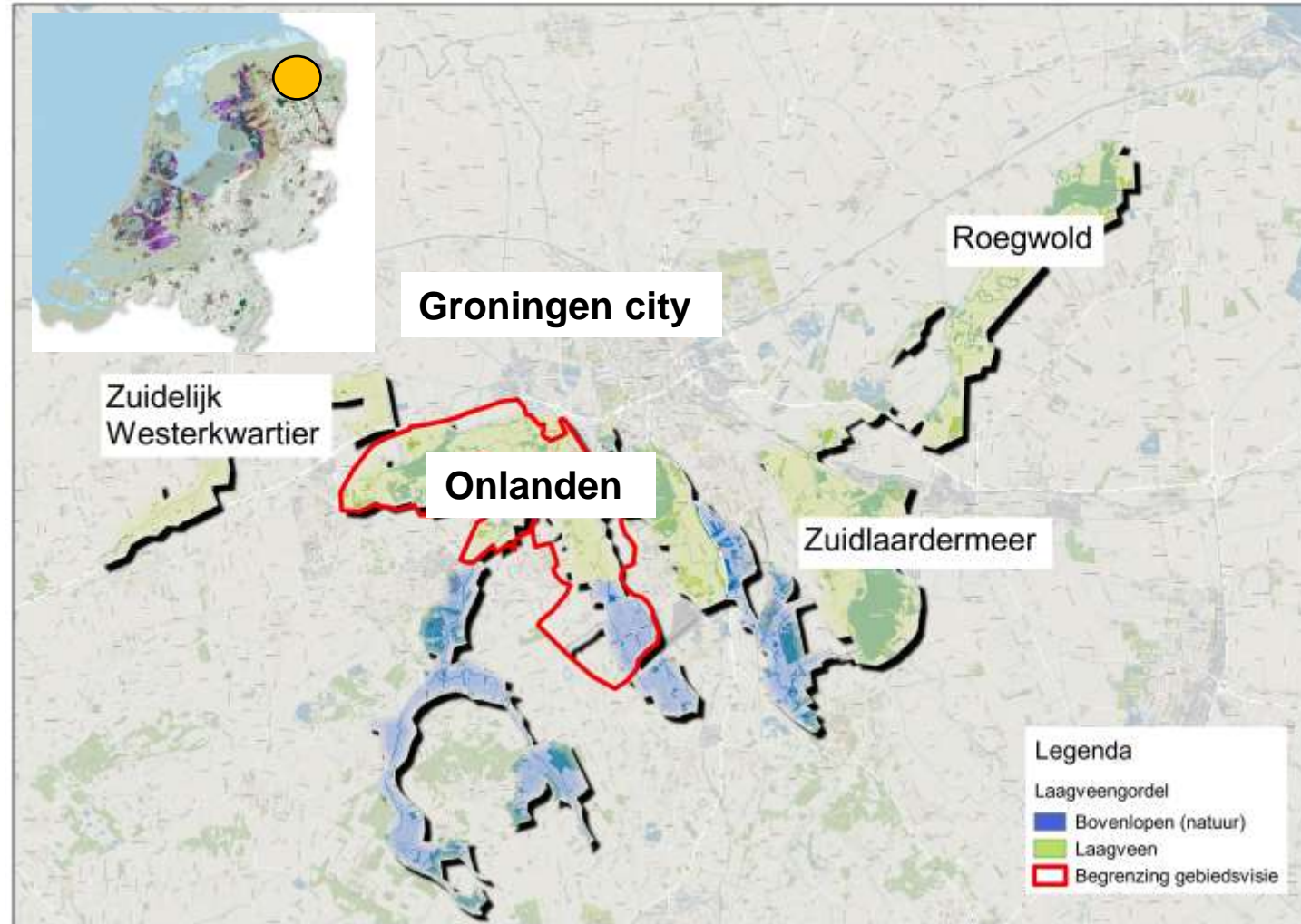


Case: Onlanden - Groningen



Onlanden – Natural water retention

- 2200 ha partly Ramsar & Nature 2000
- 10 mio m³ retention
- € 33 mio purchase & realization
- € 9 mio recreation facilities
- Alternative: dike renovation € 155 mio
- 1st use 2012: 30-40 cm waterlevel reduction



Gains for biodiversity!

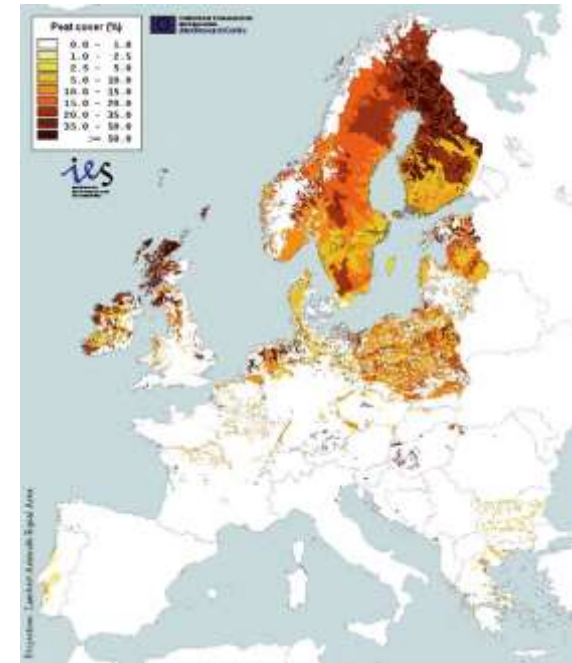


Urban oasis!

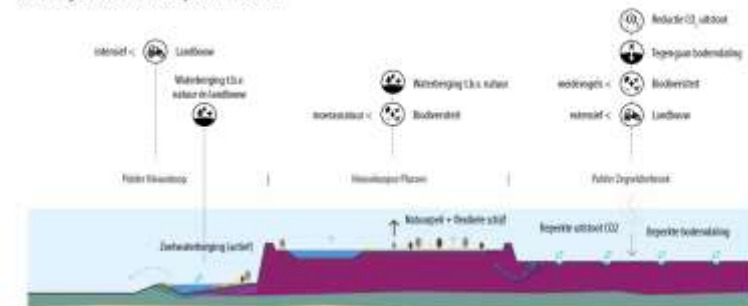


Natural Climate Buffers

- Solution for climate & biodiversity issues
- Always system-based
- Landscape level: approach means you will also need to look at and work OUTSIDE your protected area/NP
- Including the stakeholder landscape
- Co-address other issues: economic, agriculture, tourism ...



Toekomstige situatie als natuurlijke klimaatbuffer:



More information

- Dutch Coalition on Natural Climate Buffers:
<https://www.klimaatbuffers.nl/climate-buffers-english>
- Eurosite working group Wetlands & Climate Change:
<https://www.eurosite.org/wetlands-and-climate-change-wcc-working-group/>



Discussion

Stakeholders

- “The” National Park
- Nature conservation organisation
- Farmers
- Tourism sector
- Water management authority
- Local community / residentials
- Businesses

Statement 1

Natural climate buffers are a landscape-level approach to finding solutions to multiple issues in peatland areas.

Statement 2

Better understanding of ecosystem services provided by nature strengthens the support for protected areas.

Statement 3

A 'National Climate Landscape Park' can unite stakeholders around issues of water and climate, nature conservation, agriculture, business, and tourism in fen and peatland areas.

Statement 4

The hydrological system determines the size of the protected area or national park and can perfectly include both strictly protected areas and economic activities.